SAFETY DATA SHEET WHITE SPIRIT

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name

WHITE SPIRIT

Synonyms; trade names

VARSOL 40, WHITE SPIRIT, MIRASOL HT, WHITE SPIRIT, ASOL WS (ESTISURF CC02),

ASOL WS (NYRMO 40), ASOL WS (STATOIL), WHITE SPIRIT HT

REACH registration number

01-2119458049-33-XXXX

EC number

919-446-0

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial Solvent For further information, see attached Exposure Scenario.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

RYE OIL LTD HARBOUR ROAD

RYE

EAST SUSSEX TN31 7TE T 01797 223374 F 01797 226991

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone

01797 223374 OFFICE HOURS (8.00am TO 5.00pm)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards

STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Environmental hazards

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

EC number

919-446-0

Pictogram









Signal word

Danger

HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)

Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Supplemental label information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

Product is a static accumulator Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Product name

REACH registration number 01-2119458049-33-XXXX

EC number 919-446-0

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air at once. Rinse nose and mouth with water. Get medical

attention.

Ingestion Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that stomach vomit doesn't enter the lungs. Get medical attention

immediately.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue

to rinse.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapour may affect central nervous system. Headache.

Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or

vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

HYDROCARBONS C9-12 N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES CYCLIC AROMATICS (2-25%)

Eve contact

May cause temporary eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Exti

Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards The product is flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier

than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of

ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Evacuate area. Water spray should be used to cool containers. Contain and collect

extinguishing water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of

vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable

respiratory protection must be worn. Provide adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the

Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof electrical

equipment. Use water spray to reduce vapours. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely.

For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid heat, flames and other

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong

oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

DNEL Industry - Dermal: : 44 mg/kg/day

> Industry - Inhalation; : 330 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; : 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; : 71 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; : 26 mg/kg/day

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering

controls

Eye/face protection

Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Provide adequate

ventilation.

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Wear chemical splash goggles. EN 166

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Protective gloves should have a minimum thickness of 0.38 mm. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 8 hours. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Gas filter, type A EN 136/140/141/145/143/149

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Clear liquid.

Colour

Colourless to pale yellow.

Odour

Pungent.

Odour threshold

No information available.

Version number: 4.001

pH No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and range 155 - 194°C

Flash point 43°C

Evaporation rate 0.2 (butyl acetate = 1)

Evaporation factor No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.7 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 6.0 %

Other flammability No information available.

Vapour pressure 0.2 kPa @ 20°C

Vapour density 4.9 @ 101 kPa

Relative density 0.79 @ 15°C

Bulk density 790 kg/m³

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient : >4

Auto-ignition temperature 242°C

Decomposition Temperature No information available.

Viscosity 1.26 cSt @ 20°C

0.96 cSt @ 40°C

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

No information available.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Refractive index No information available.

Particle size No information available.

Molecular weight 143 g/mole

Volatility No information available.

Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The product is flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Will not polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Static electricity and formation of sparks

must be prevented.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

products

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >15000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat OECD 401

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD∞) LD₅o >3400 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit OECD 402

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LD₅₀ >13.1 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat OECD 403

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data No information available.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation No information available.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. OECD 406

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Overexposure may cause the following adverse effects:

Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Vapours in high

concentrations are anaesthetic.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 - 30 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 10 - 22 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC50, 72 hours: 4.6 - 10 mg/l, Algae

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: 0.097 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation - 74.7%: 28 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient :>4

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is insoluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is classified as hazardous waste.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1300 UN No. (IMDG) 1300 UN No. (ICAO) 1300 UN No. (ADN) 1300

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE
Proper shipping name (ICAO) TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

Proper shipping name (ADN) TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

3

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID classification code F1
ADR/RID label 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

Transport labels

IMDG class



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ADN packing group III

ICAO packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-E

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code 3Y

Hazard Identification Number 30

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not determined.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. This product may impact SEVESO storage regulations.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

All the ingredients are listed or exempt. DSL

US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Australia - AICS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Japan - MITI

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Korea - KECI

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

China - IECSC

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Philippines - PICCS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Taiwan - NECI

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978.

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.

BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.

ECso: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.

NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.

LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.

EL50: Exposure Limit 50

hPa: Hectopascal

LL50: Lethal Loading fifty

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus

STP: Sewage Treatment Plant VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

Classification abbreviations

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

and acronyms

Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Key literature references and

sources for data

Supplier's information.

Revision comments

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date

26/09/2018

Version number

4.001

Supersedes date

17/07/2018

SDS number

23045

SDS status

Approved.

Hazard statements in full

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signature

JON REARDON DATE 21.10.2020